

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

KATERZIA® (amlodipine) Oral Suspension, 1 mg/mL

INDICATIONS

KATERZIA is a calcium channel blocker and may be used alone or in combination with other antihypertensive and antianginal agents for the treatment of:

- Hypertension in adults and children 6 years of age and older to lower blood pressure. Lowering blood pressure reduces the risk of fatal and nonfatal cardiovascular events, primarily strokes and myocardial infarctions.
- Coronary Artery Disease:
 - Chronic Stable Angina
 - Vasospastic angina (Prinzmetal's or Variant Angina)
 - Angiographically documented Coronary Artery Disease in patients without heart failure or an ejection fraction < 40%.

Important Limitation: Doses in excess of 5 mg daily have not been studied in pediatric patients.

*A calibrated measuring device is recommended to measure and deliver the prescribed dose accurately. A household teaspoon or tablespoon is not an adequate measuring device. Ask your pharmacist or doctor for assistance in selecting a measuring device. **Shake well before using.***

ADDITIONAL IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

CONTRAINDICATIONS:

KATERZIA is contraindicated in patients with known sensitivity to amlodipine.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS:

Hypotension. Symptomatic hypotension is possible, particularly in patients with severe aortic stenosis. Because of the gradual onset of action, acute hypotension is unlikely.

Increased Angina or Myocardial Infarction. Worsening angina and acute myocardial infarction can develop after starting or increasing the dose of KATERZIA, particularly in patients with severe obstructive coronary artery disease.

Patients with Hepatic Failure. Because KATERZIA is extensively metabolized by the liver and the plasma elimination half-life ($t_{1/2}$) is 56 hours in patients with impaired hepatic function, titrate slowly when administering KATERZIA to patients with severe hepatic impairment.

ADVERSE REACTIONS:

Most common adverse reaction to amlodipine is edema which occurred in a dose related manner. Other adverse experiences not dose related but reported with an incidence >1.0% are fatigue, nausea, abdominal pain, and somnolence.

These are not all the possible side effects of KATERZIA. Please see Full Prescribing Information for a full list.

DRUG INTERACTIONS:

Impact of Other Drugs on Amlodipine

Co-administration with CYP3A inhibitors (moderate and strong) results in increased systemic exposure to amlodipine and may require dose reduction. Monitor for symptoms of hypotension and edema when amlodipine is co-administered with CYP3A inhibitors to determine the need for dose adjustment. Blood pressure should be closely monitored when amlodipine is co-administered with CYP3A inducers.

Impact of Amlodipine on Other Drugs:

Co-administration of simvastatin with amlodipine increases the systemic exposure of simvastatin. Limit the dose of simvastatin in patients on amlodipine to 20 mg daily.

Amlodipine may increase the systemic exposure of cyclosporine or tacrolimus when co-administered. Frequent monitoring of trough blood levels of cyclosporine and tacrolimus is recommended and adjust the dose when appropriate.

Please see Full Prescribing Information for a full list and Specific Drugs and Interactions.

USE IN SPECIFIC POPULATIONS:

Pregnancy: Limited data on post-marketing use of amlodipine in pregnant women are not sufficient to inform a drug-associated risk for major birth defects or miscarriages. There are risks to the mother and fetus associated with poorly controlled hypertension during pregnancy.

Lactation: Limited available data from a published clinical lactation study reports that amlodipine is present in human milk. No adverse effects of amlodipine on the breastfed infant have been observed.

Pediatric Use: Amlodipine (2.5 to 5 mg daily) is effective in lowering blood pressure in patients 6 to 17 years. The effect of amlodipine on blood pressure in patients less than 6 years of age is not known.

Geriatric Use: In general, dose selection for elderly patients should be cautious, usually starting with a lower initial dose.

Hepatic Impairment: A lower initial dose may be required for patients with hepatic insufficiency.

The Important Safety Information does not include all the information needed to use KATERZIA safely and effectively. Please see accompanying full Prescribing Information for KATERZIA.

To Report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Azurity Pharmaceuticals, Inc. at 1-800-461-7449, or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/MedWatch.

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